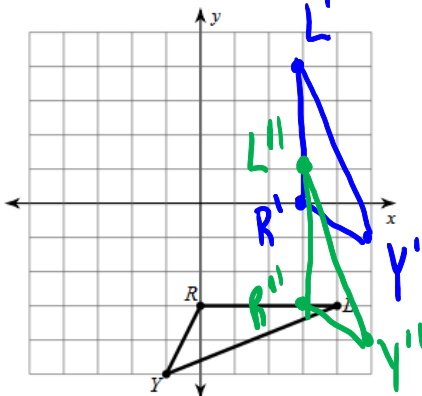


★ **Directions: Study the following vocabulary words:** ★

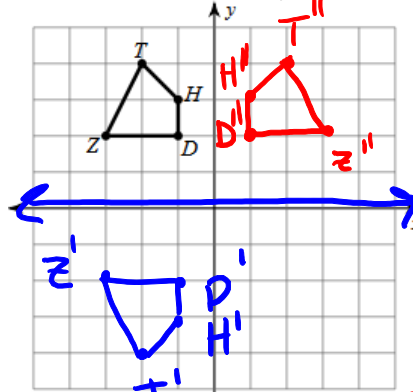
Angle, Circle, Dilation, Line, Line segment, Parallel Lines, Perpendicular Lines, Point, Ray, Reflection, Rigid Motion, Rotation, Transformation, Translation

Directions: Graph the following transformations or write out the new coordinates, then write the generic coordinate.

1. Rotate 90° CCW about the origin, then translate down 3. 2. Reflect over the x-axis, then rotate 180° about the origin.

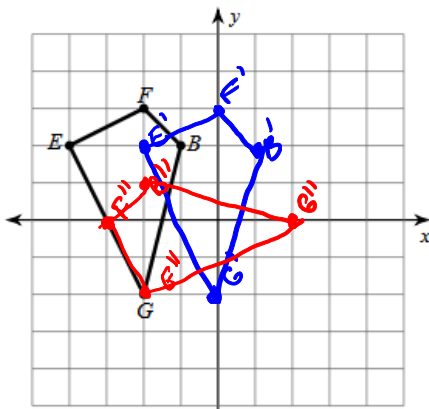


$$(X, y) \rightarrow (-y, X) \rightarrow (-y, X-3)$$



$$(X, y) \rightarrow (X, -y) \rightarrow (-X, y)$$

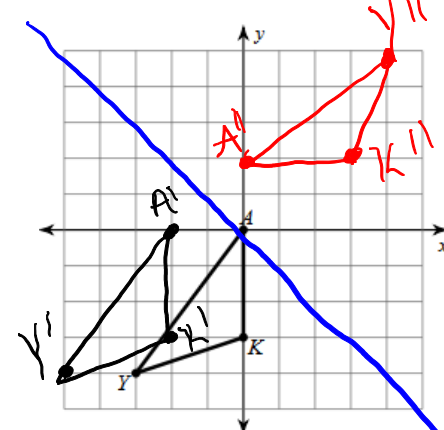
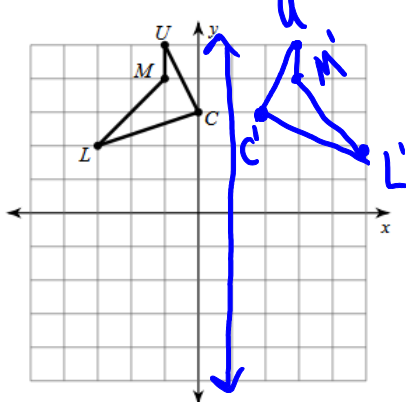
3. Translate right 2, then rotate 270° CW about the origin.



$$(X, y) \rightarrow (X+2, y) \rightarrow (-y, X+2)$$

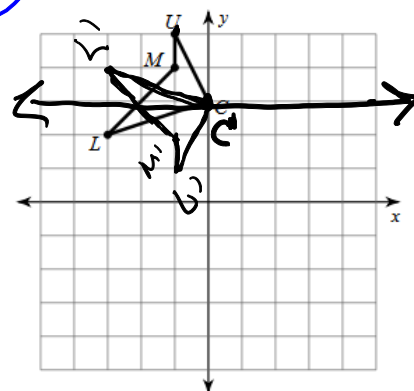
Directions: Graph the following transformations.

5. Reflection over $x = 1$



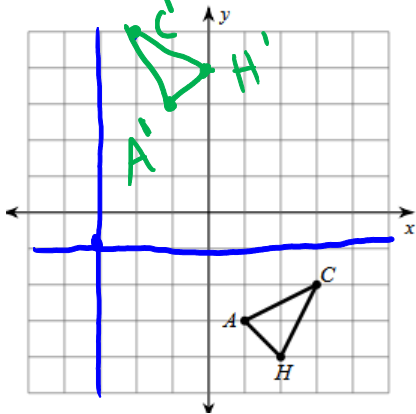
$$(X, y) \rightarrow (X-2, y) \rightarrow (-y, -X+2)$$

6. Reflection over $y = 3$

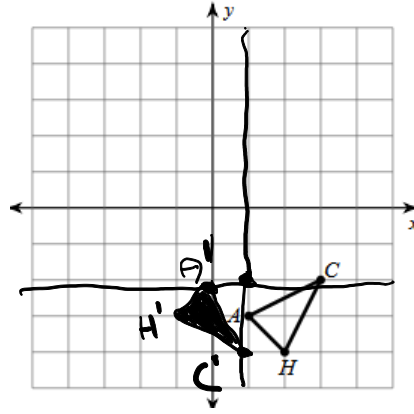


Directions: Graph the following transformations.

7. Rotation of 270° CW about $(-3, -1)$

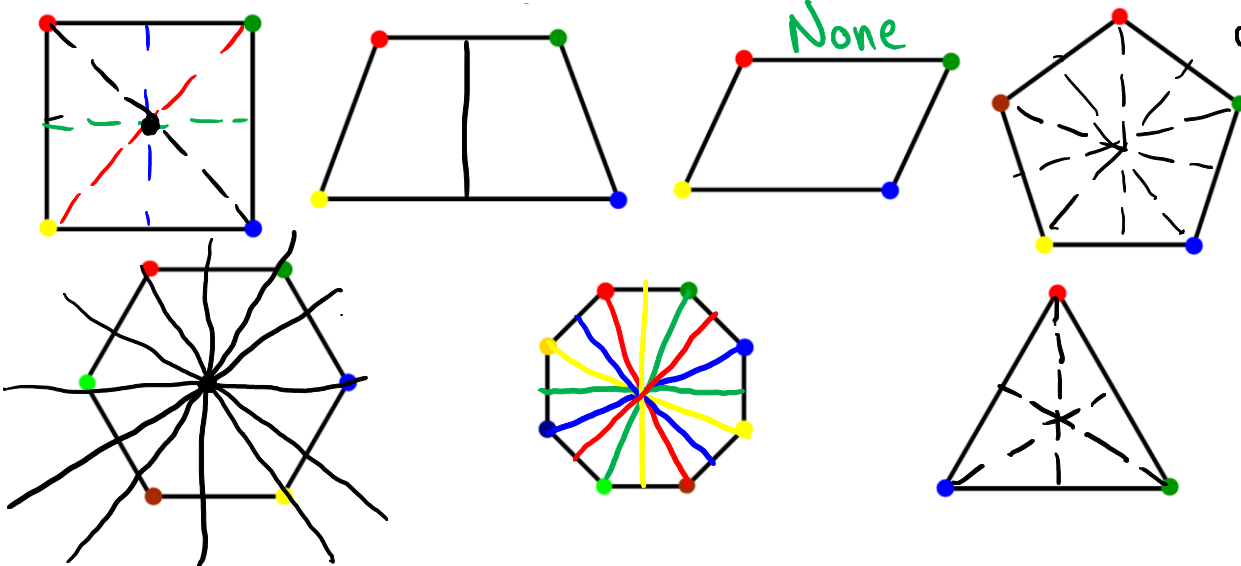


8. Rotation of 270° CCW about $(1, -2)$

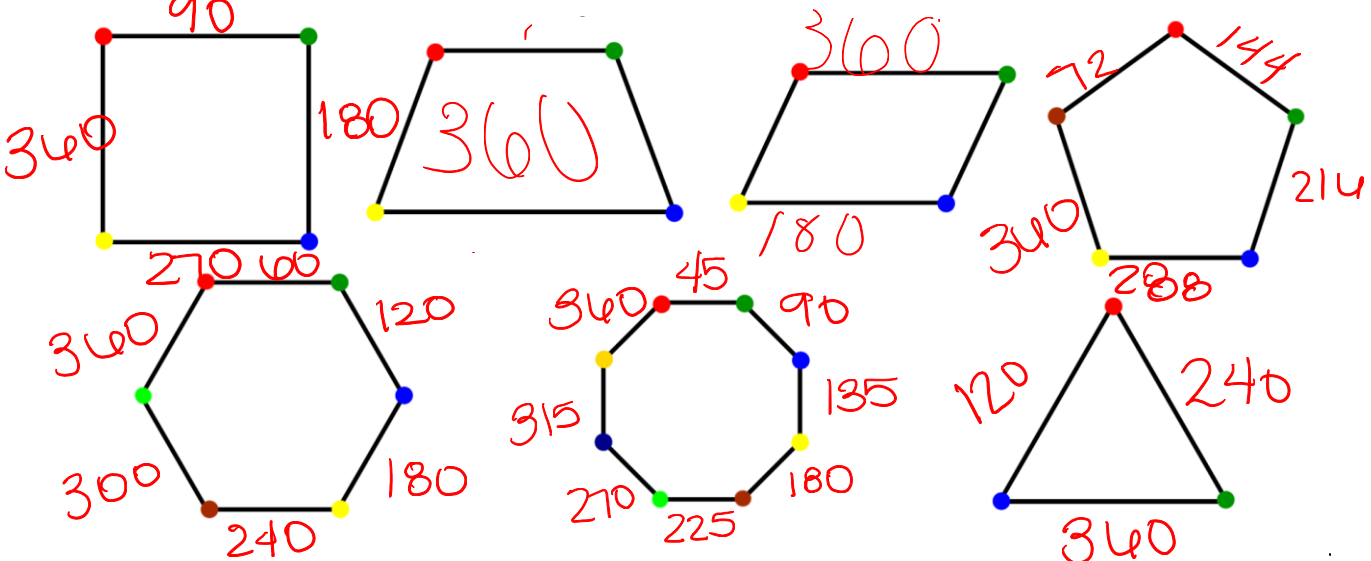


9. Identify how many lines of symmetry the following figures has and draw them. Assume that it is a regular polygon if possible.

Number of sides equals number of lines of symmetry for a regular polygon



10. Identify all of the degrees of rotation between 0° and 360° about the center that would map each polygon onto itself. Assume that it is a regular polygon if possible.



Divide 360 by the number of sides then continue adding up to 360: 😊